Resources and References

1. ACOG Committee Opinion 492 Effective Patient-Physician Communication
2. ACOG Committee Opinion 559, Cesarean Delivery on Maternal Request
3. ACOG Labor Induction: Resource Overview
4. ACOG Patient Education FAQs
7. ACOG and ASA Committee Opinion 295 Pain Relief During Labor
8. ACOG Analgesia and Cesarean Delivery Rates Committee Opinion 339
10. American College of Nurse Midwives Evidence-Based Practice: Pearls of Midwifery
12. American College of Nurse Midwives Supporting Healthy and Normal Physiologic Childbirth. A Consensus Statement by ACNM, MANA and NACPM.
21. CDC/NCHS, National Vital Statistics System
22. CAPPA (Childbirth and Postpartum Professional Association)
23. Childbirth Connection, Hormonal Physiology of Childbearing: Fact Sheets on Core Topics.
24. CMQCC Quality Improvement Toolkit to Support Vaginal Birth and Reduce Primary Cesareans
26. Coalition for Improving Maternity Services (CIMS)
27. CRICO. 2010 OB Guideline 16: Assessment and monitoring of labor and delivery.
28. DONA International
30. Guideline for the Use of Oxytocin - December 2012 - NNEPOIN
34. Low-risk, Primary Cesarean Births in Medicaid: National Association of Medicaid Directors (NAMD)/Association of Maternal & Child Health Programs (AMCHP) Issue Brief 2015.
37. Mary E. D’Alton, MD1; Mark P. Hehir, MD Cesarean Delivery Rates Revisiting a 3-Decades-Old Dogma. December 1, 2015, Vol 314, No. 21.
39. Lamaze International
41. NICHD Definitions and Classifications
42. Perinatal Quality Collaborative of North Carolina, SIVB: Supporting Intended Vaginal Birth, or "Support for Birth".
43. Quality Patient Care in Labor and Delivery: A Call to Action. JOGNN, 41, 151–153; 2012. AWHONN, the Association of Women’s Health, Obstetric and Neonatal Nurses
AIM eModule 4: Safe Reduction of Primary Cesarean Births: Supporting Intended Vaginal Births Safety Bundle


46. The Council on Patient Safety in Women’s Health Care

47. The Joint Commission. Sentinel event alert issue 44: Preventing Maternal Death.

48. The Joint Commission Sentinel event alert Issue 30: Preventing infant death and injury during delivery

AIM Program Contact
Email: AIM@acog.org
Website: www.safehealthcareforeverywoman.org

Maternal Safety Bundle Disclaimer
Standardization of health care processes and reduced variation in care practices have been shown to improve outcomes and quality of care. This patient safety bundle has been disseminated to help facilitate standardized practices to prevent and improve early response to critical maternal health issues. This patient safety bundle has been developed by a multidisciplinary team of experts and reflects emerging clinical, scientific, and patient safety advances. This patient safety bundle, as of the date issued and is subject to change, should not be construed as dictating an exclusive course of treatment or procedure to be followed. Although the components of a patient safety bundle may be adapted to local resources, standardization within a facility or health care system is strongly encouraged.

MCHB Funding Disclosure
The AIM Program is funded through a cooperative agreement with the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists by the Maternal and Child Health Bureau, Health Resources and Services Administration. Grant #UC4MC28042.

eModules developed by Deb Kilday and Amber Hardesty of Premier, Inc.